

Your Report

The bar chart illustrates the gross domestic product generated from the IT and Service Industry in the UK from 1992 to 2000. It is measured in percentages. Overall, it can be seen that both increased as a (percentage) write more of GDP, but IT remained at a higher rate throughout this time.

At the beginning of the period, in 1992, the Service Industry accounted for 4 per cent of GDP, whereas IT exceeded this, at just over 6 per cent. Over the next four years, the levels became more similar, with both components standing between 6 and just over 8 ~~per cent~~ percent. IT was still higher overall, though it dropped slightly from 1994 to 1996.

However, over the following four years, the patterns of the two components were noticeably different. The percentage of GDP from IT increased quite sharply to 12 in 1998 and then nearly 15 in 2000, while the Service Industry stayed nearly the same, ~~increasing~~ to only 8 ~~per cent~~ percent.

At the end of the period, the percentage of GDP from IT was almost twice that of the Service Industry.

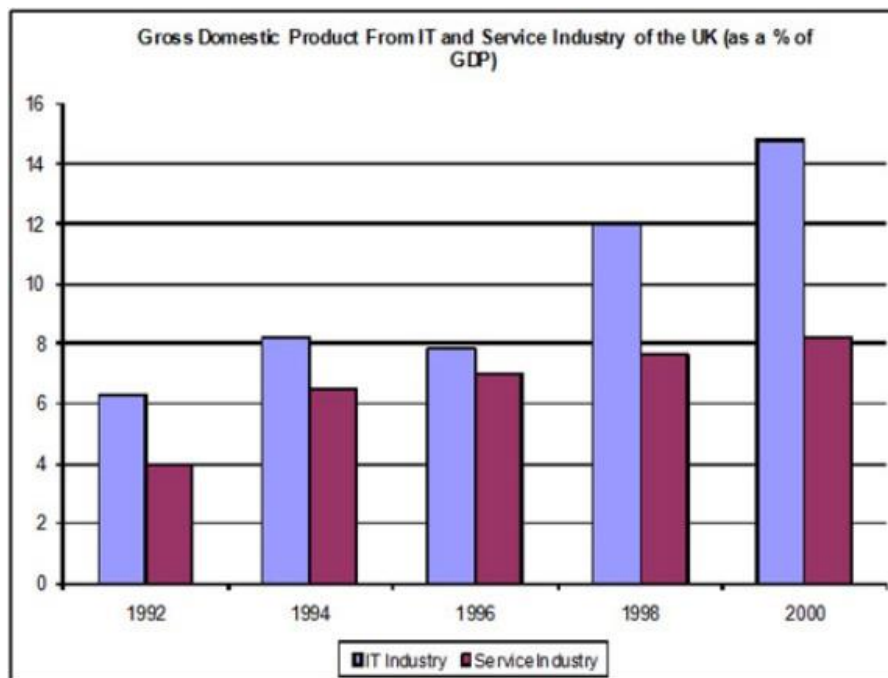
This chart is over time, so it uses the '*language of change*'. Have a look at this lesson for more advice on describing a bar graph over time.

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

The chart shows components of GDP in the UK from 1992 to 2000.

Summarize the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.

Write at least 150 words.



IELTS Bar Chart - Components of GDP in the UK from 1992 to 2000